



RCMTéR: Új éghajlati szcenáriókkal a klímaváltozáshoz való alkalmazkodásért

RCMGiS: New climate scenarios for the adaptation to climate change

Szépszó Gabriella

Országos Meteorológiai Szolgálat / Hungarian Meteorological Service

RCMTéR zárórendezvény 2016. február 29.

Final event of the RCMGiS project 29 February 2016



1. Introduction 2. RCMGiS project 3. Outlook

Climate dynamics research in Hungary since 2004

- Adaptation of regional climate models, test simulations, projections, establishment of international cooperations, involvement in *international* projects on impact assessments
- 2009: final meeting + stakeholder event of CLAVIER project in Budapest









Motivation

- Climate dynamics research in since 2004
- Adaptation of regional climations in ternational cooperations, in ternational projects on impagassessments
- 2009: final meeting + stakeho CLAVIER project in Budapes



Motivation

- Adaptation in Hungary: based either on the principle for preparing for any possibility or on the scenario kept intuitively the most likely
- Not sustainable (expensive, wrong ways)
- For targeted and sustainable adaptation *credible* information is needed
- High-quality meteorological information, objective, quantitative and comparable impact assessments, considering uncertainties





-		



- National Climate Change Strategy, National Adaptation Strategy
- Adaptation information system, <u>scientifically sound</u> input data for the climate impact assessments



5

Present

- National Climate Change Strategy, National Adaptation Strategy
- Adaptation information system, <u>scientifically sound</u> input data for the climate impact assessments
- Programme for Adaptation to Climate Change in Hungary
- 3 important topics:
 - 1. Development of NAGiS
 - 2. Extension of NAGiS to further sectors (critical infrastructure, tourism, agriculture, forecasts)
 - 3. Improvement of climate scenarios



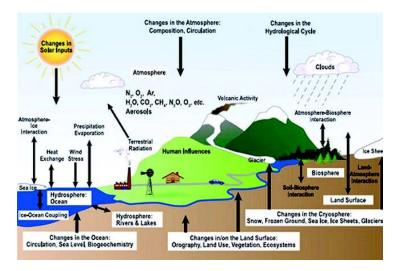
5

Present

- National Climate Change Strategy, National Adaptation Strategy
- Adaptation information system, <u>scientifically sound</u> input data for the climate impact assessments
- Programme for Adaptation to Climate Change in Hungary
- 3 important topics:
 - 1. Development of NAGiS
 - 2. Extension of NAGiS to further sectors (critical infrastructure, tourism, agriculture, forecasts)
 - 3. Improvement of climate scenarios



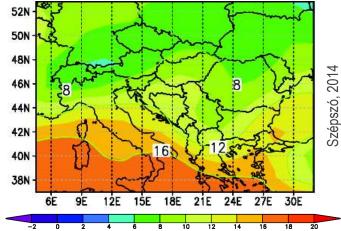
Scientific background



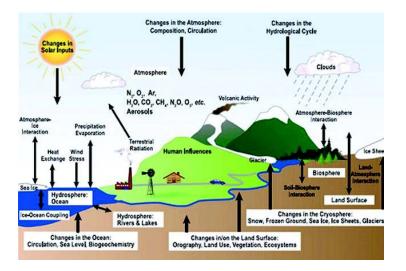
- Description of processes and interactions in climate system with modelling tools
 - Physical laws set of partial differential equations → numerical models

- Representation of anthropogenic activity
- Global climate models for simulation of Earth system
- Regional climate models for investigation of local changes





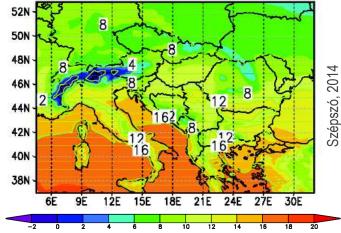
Scientific background



- Description of processes and interactions in climate system with modelling tools
 - Physical laws set of partial differential equations → numerical models

- Representation of anthropogenic activity
- Global climate models for simulation of Earth system
- Regional climate models for investigation of local changes

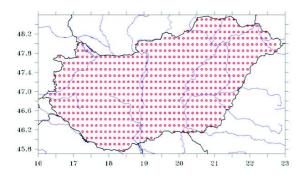




NAGiS prototype

- Climate projections for 2 targets:
 - 1. 2021–2050: "short-term" planning
 - 2. 2071–2100: long-term strategy, robustness & significance
- Impact studies based on meteorological data (for Hungary):
 - Hydrology: ground water, drinking water
 - Natural ecosystems
 - Agriculture, forestry

Model	ALADIN	RegCM	
LBC	ARPEGE	ECHAM	
Resolution	10 km		
Scenario	SRES A1B		



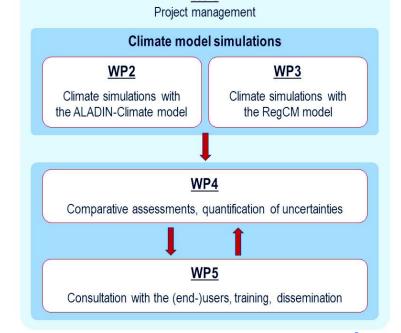
Improvement of climate scenarios

- Title: New climate scenarios based on radiative forcing change over the Carpathian Basin
- Consortium:
 - Hungarian Meteorological Service (coordinator)
 - ELTE Department of Meteorology (partner)
- Duration: 15 December 2014 29 February 2016
- Financial background: EEA Grants
- Web page: <u>rcmter.met.hu</u>



Main objectives

- 1. Development of climate model data providing future climate information for NAGiS
- 2. Quantification of climate projection uncertainties
- 3. Provision of climate model data for impact assessments
- 4. Training and support of the users to apply projection results and uncertainty information

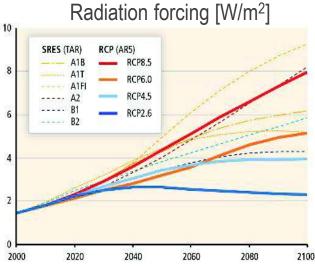


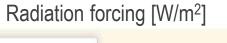
WP1

Model simulations

- 2 regional climate models
- Core simulations:
 - 1. Sensitivity studies (domain size, parameterization)
 - 2. Re-analysis and GCM-driven validation runs (homogenized and gridded reference data)
 - 3. Climate change projections
- New model versions, forcing fields, ٠ emission scenarios, domains
- Uncertainties: scenario (temperature) and model uncertainties (precipitation)

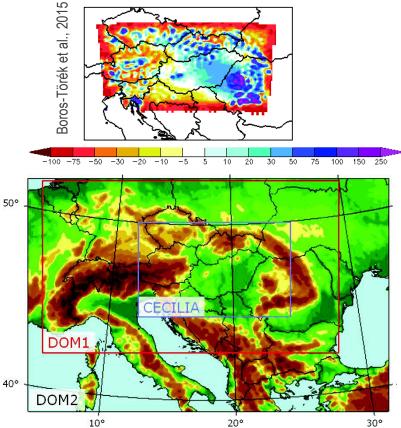
RCM	ALADIN	RegCM	
LBC	ARPEGE→ ALADIN	HadGEM→ RegCM	
Resolution	10 km		
Scenario	RCP8.5	RCP4.5	



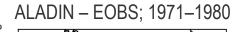


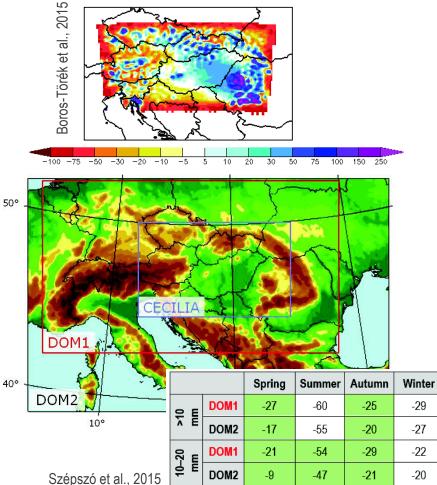
ALADIN: test of integration domain

ALADIN - EOBS; 1971-1980

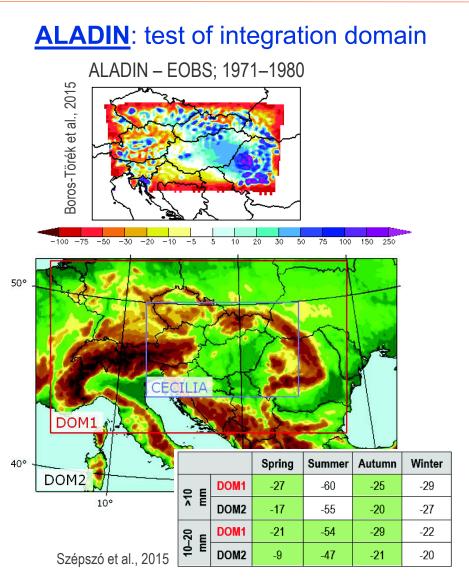


ALADIN: test of integration domain



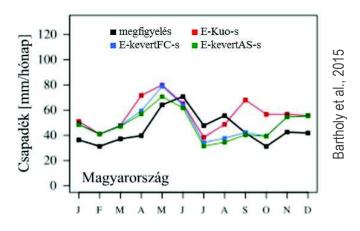


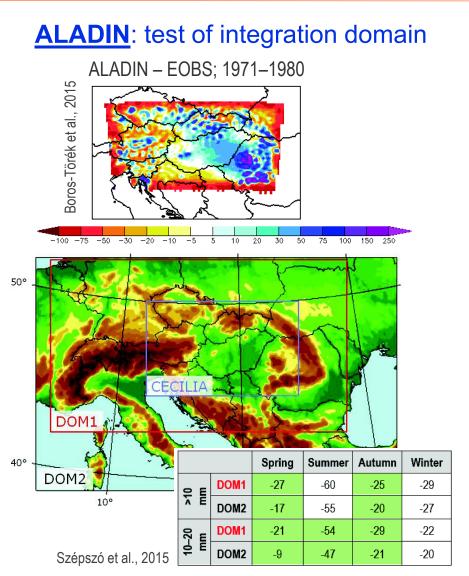
11



<u>RegCM</u>: test of parametrization

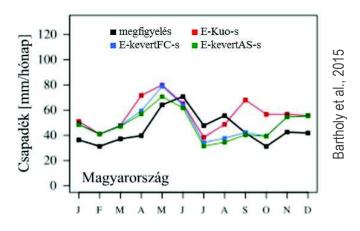
Kísérlet	Határ- feltétel	Konvekció	Lezárás	BATS	ldőszak
H-kevertFC-s	HadGEM2	kovort	FC	igen	1971
H-kevertFC-ns	↓ RegCM_50	kevert	FC	nem	_ 1975
E-kevertFC-s	ERA_Interim	kovort	FC		1981
E-kevertAS-s	\downarrow	kevert	AS	igen	_
E-Kuo-s	RegCM_50	Kuo	_		1990





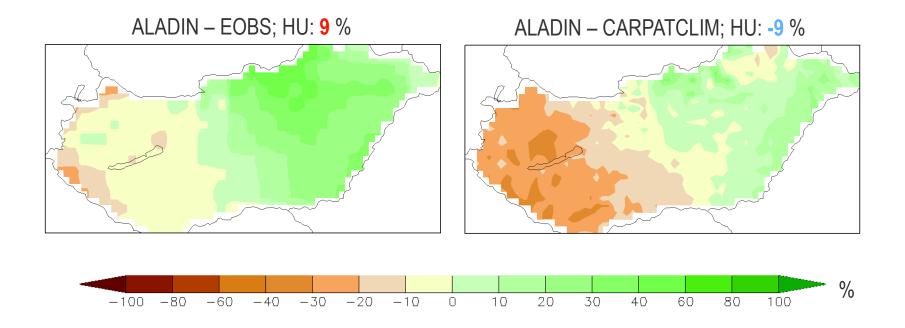
<u>RegCM</u>: test of parametrization

Kísérlet	Határ- feltétel	Konvekció	Lezárás	BATS	ldőszak
H-kevertFC-s	HadGEM2	kovort		igen	1971
H-kevertFC-ns	↓ RegCM_50	kevert	FC	nem	_ 1975
E-kevertFC-s	ERA_Interim	kevert	FC		1981
E-kevertAS-s	_↓	Keven	AS	igen	-
E-Kuo-s	RegCM_50	Kuo	_		1990



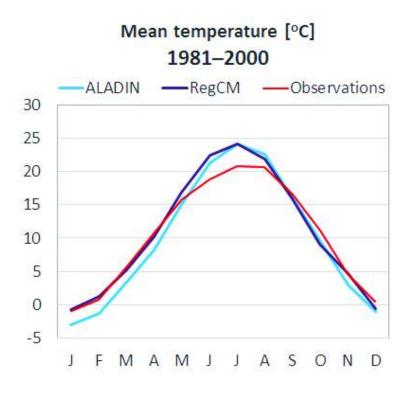
Validation results

Winter precipitation validation for 1981–2000



Validation results

New and earlier simulation results



Mean temperature [°C]

ALADIN

30 25 20 15 10 5 0 -5 J F M A M J J A S O N D

1981-2000

Observations

—RegCM

ALADIN_old ······ RegCM_old ---- Observations

Precipitation [mm/month] 1961–1990



Courtesy: Bartholy J., Csorvási A., Pieczka I., Pongrácz R.

Validation results

New and earlier simulation results

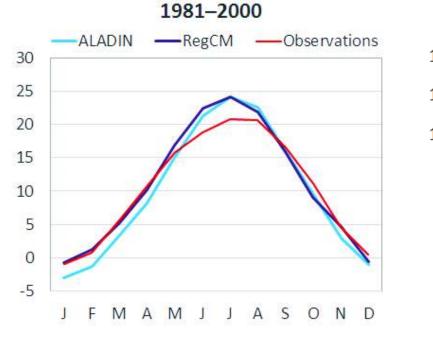
Mean temperature [°C]

Validation results

New and earlier simulation results

Precipitation [mm/month] 1981–2000

ALADIN new — RegCM new — Observations

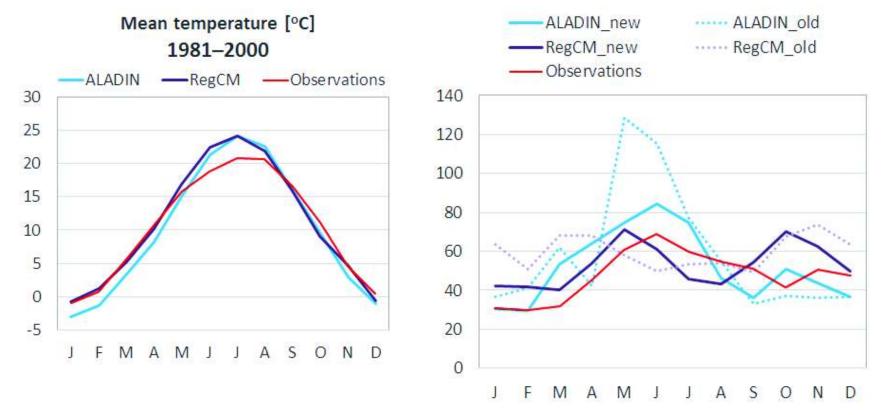




Courtesy: Bartholy J., Csorvási A., Pieczka I., Pongrácz R.

Validation results

New and earlier simulation results



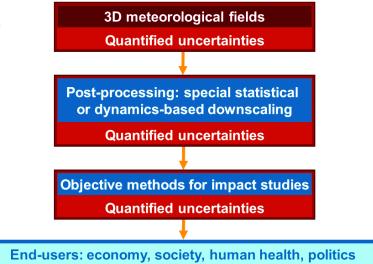
More details in presentation of I. Pieczka and J. Sábitz

Courtesy: Bartholy J., Csorvási A., Pieczka I., Pongrácz R.

Precipitation [mm/month]

Application of model information

- Climate models provide input data for objective impact assessments
- Quantitative information + uncertainties
- Support of users: consultation workshops (later)



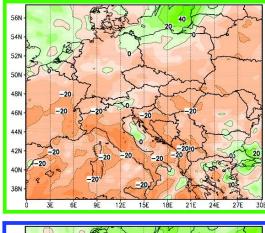
• Extension of NAGiS to further sectors: tourism and critical infrastructure in Hungary

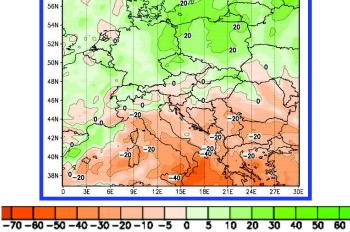


Most impact studies are still based on results of a single RCM

Example of good impact study

Representative projections for summer precipitation change [%] from 1961–1990 to 2021–2050





70

Example of good impact study

Representative projections for summer precipitation change [%] from 1961–1990 to 2021–2050 Summer runoff change [%] from 1961–1990 to 2021–2050 521 20 50 48N -20 46N 10 44N 0 -10 -20 Vienna Hofkirchen Schaerding Achleiten Szépszó et al., 2014 15 -70 -60 -50 -40 -30 -20 -10 -5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 0

Trainings for users

- Two workshops
- Aim: consultation between meteorologists providing climate information and users applying meteorological information
- After some key presentations participants discuss pre-defined questions in parallel sessions → summary in plenary
- Number of participants: around 40 persons

1st consultation workshop

- Held on 22 June 2015
- Aim: consultation about user needs, possibilities and <u>limitations</u> of model data
- Presentations:



- Using climate model data in impact studies
- Cooperation experience at ELTE
- Hydrological investigations based on climate model results

1st consultation workshop

- Main conclusions of discussions:
 - Points of data use: <u>public</u>
 <u>accessibility</u>, availability, spatial and temporal resolution (quality?)
 - Current resolution is not sufficient for every study (interpolation of model data instead of modifying the impact model?)
 - <u>Uncertainty</u> information: some good examples, but users need help to avoid ad hoc model data selection





2nd consultation workshop

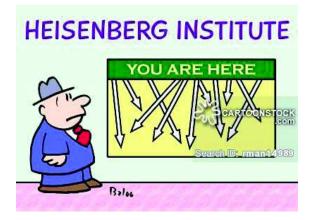
- Held on 19 February 2016
- Aim: consultation about challenges of using climate model data in impact studies
- Presentations:
 - Post-processing methods to use climate model information in impact studies
 - Investigation of future hydrological conditions of Balaton (delta method)
 - Using climate model data in plant production models (statistical correction)



2nd consultation workshop

- Main conclusions of discussions:
 - User needs on quantified uncertainties – already based on a single scenario
 - For decision makers it is important to be aware also of the unavoidable scenario
 - Forever dilemma: decision method of decision makers and probabilistic information of researchers





Dissemination

• Web page: rcmter.met.hu (Hungarian and English versions)

Main Page

Project

Publications

- Leaflet
- Newsletters
- Participation in international workshops and conferences
- Representation of project in national events (opening, final events, workshops of co-projects)
- Project booklets (Hungarian and English versions)

A sugárzási kényszer

változásán alapuló új éghajlati szcenáriók

a Kárpát-medence térségére New climate scenarios based

on radiative forcing change over the

eea grants

FXAN

Carpathian Basin

New climate scenarios based on the change in radiative forcing over the Carpathian Basin

Newsletters

- Two issues in November & February
- Content:
 - Opening
 - Introduction/Progress of the project
 - Results
 - Events
 - Presentation of the project results and goals in national and international events



International workshops & conferences

- General Assembly of EURO-CORDEX (2015, 2016), Germany regional climate modelling cooperation
- Training of EUPORIAS (European Provision Of Regional Impacts Assessments on Seasonal and Decadal Timescales) project
- 3rd OpenIFS workshop & 10th Eumetcal training, UK using probabilistic information in decision making
- 9th International Conference on Urban Climate, France impact studies
- Our Common Future under Climate Change, France climate change in general
- UERRA workshop, France regional re-analyses

Representation of the project in events

- General Assembly of European Geosciences Union, Vienna
- Annual Meeting of European Meteorological Society, Bulgaria
- International Union of Geodesy and Geophysics, Czech Republic
- 9th HyMeX conference, Greece
- 5th EUGEO Congress on the Geography of Europe, Hungary
- IPCC Workshop on Regional Climate Projections and their Use in Impacts and Risk Analysis Studies, Brazil

Events of co-projects

- Workshop on the application possibilities and limitations of NAGiS, preliminary results of vulnerability assessments (3 November 2015)
- Final event of (EEA-C12-11) project entitled *Long-term socio*economic forecasting for Hungary (7 December 2015)
- Final event of CRIGiS (EEA-C12-13) project (8 December 2015)
- Final Event of AGRAGiS (EEA-C12-12) project (21 December 2015)

Bilateral cooperation

- Participation of the bilateral consultation organized by MFGI and REC on 19 October 2015 in Szentendre
- Visit of Stefan Sobolowski from the Bjerknes Centre & Uni Research Climate in Bergen at OMSZ →
- Consultation about the cooperation possibilities \rightarrow
- International workshop on networking

Workshop on networking

- Objective: building partnership on climate change adaptation
- Date: 6–8 June 2016
- Place: Budapest, OMSZ
- Participants: experts from Hungary and Norway, Copernicus, Central and Eastern European region

Summary & outlook

- High-quality meteorological information
- Objective and quantitative impact assessments
- Ideal path of development: information not only about projection uncertainty, but uncertainties in every level
- Iterative consultation between meteorologists and users
- Importance of training, even decision makers (not fully hopeless)

Summary & outlook

- High-quality meteorological information
- Objective and quantitative impact assessments
- Ideal path of development: information not only about projection uncertainty, but uncertainties in every level
- Iterative consultation between meteorologists and users
- Importance of training, even decision makers (not fully hopeless)



Summary & outlook

٠

- High-quality meteorological information
- Objective and quantitative impact assessments
 - Ideal path of development: information not only about projection uncertainty, but uncertainties in every level
- Iterative consultation between meteorologists and users
- Importance of training, even decision makers (not fully hopeless)

Thank you for your attention!

E-mail: szepszo.g@met.hu

Web: rcmter.met.hu

"Nothing's

perfect," sighed the

fox.

13 12 1/ 1 1 1 X 10