Comparison of data measured at climatological and synoptic observation times

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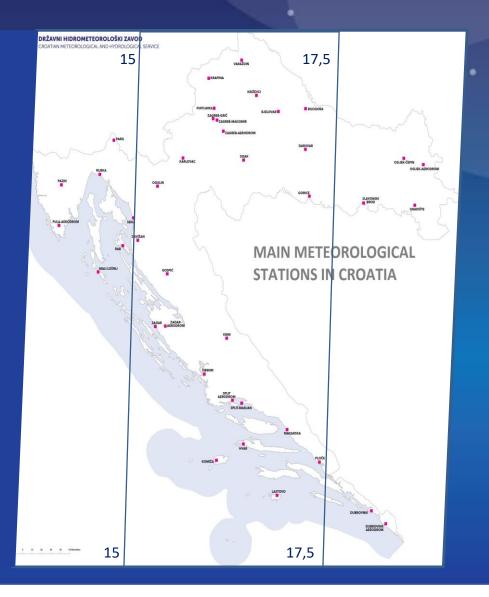


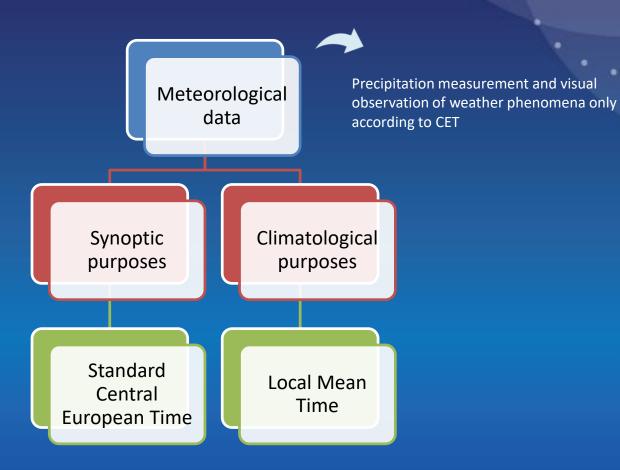
Climatological observations in Croatia

- According to Local Mean Time (LMT)
- Main meteorological stations: farther than 2,5° from the 15th meridian & LMT – CET (Central European Time) > 10 min → double observations

Climatological observations in Croatia

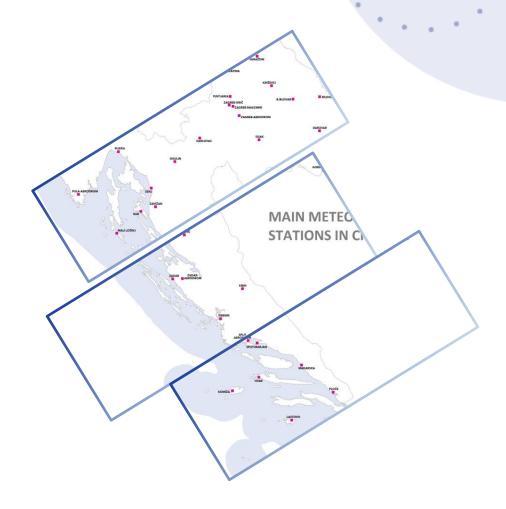
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Problems

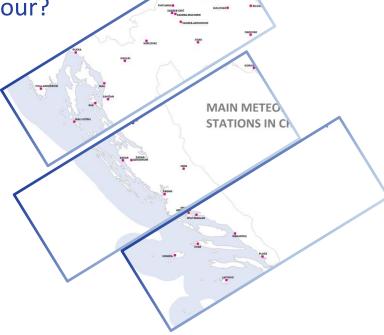
- Various database issues
- Quality control
- Observers have to observe twice in a short time interval

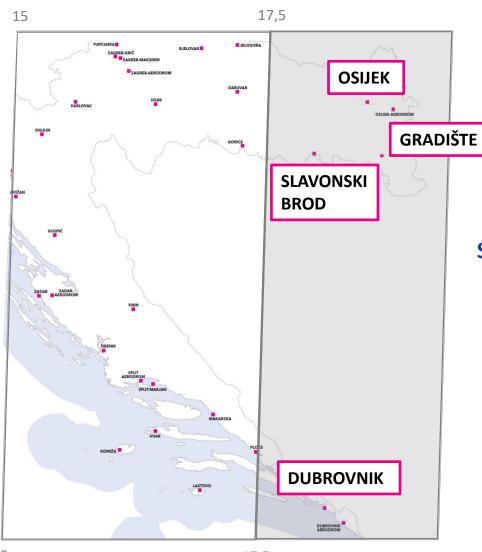


Questions

Is the difference in data between two observation times significant enough to maintain this practice at the main meteorological stations?

Weather observations only at synoptic hour?





Selected main meteorological stations

Climatological observations:

0645, 1345, 2045 CET

(0700, 1400, 2100 LMT)

Synoptic observations:

0700, 1400, 2100 CET



17,5

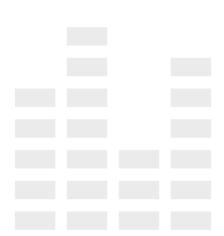
Data

- Temperature data climatological and synoptic observations
 10 years parallel measurements (2012 2022)
- Manual network



Automatic sensors

mean temperature in 10-minute interval 0650, 1350, 2050 CET (climatological) 0700, 1400 and 2100 CET (synoptic)



Statistical analysis

- Quantifying the difference in monthly mean air temperature between two observation times calculated from:
 - 1. manually collected data
 - 2. data from automatic sensors

Daily mean air temperature → monthly mean air temperature

daily mean temperature =
$$\frac{7h+14h+2*21h}{4}$$

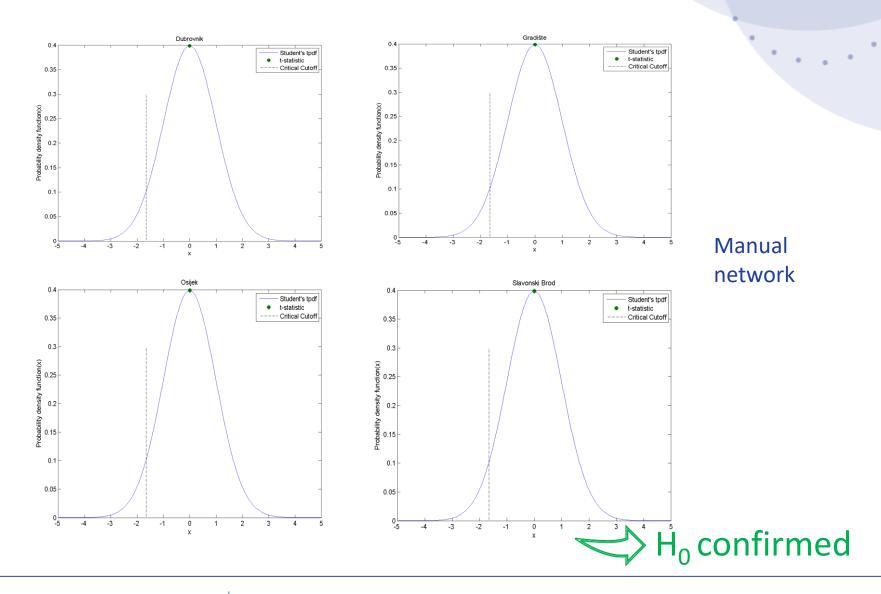
Comparison of results between manual and automatic measurement network



T – test

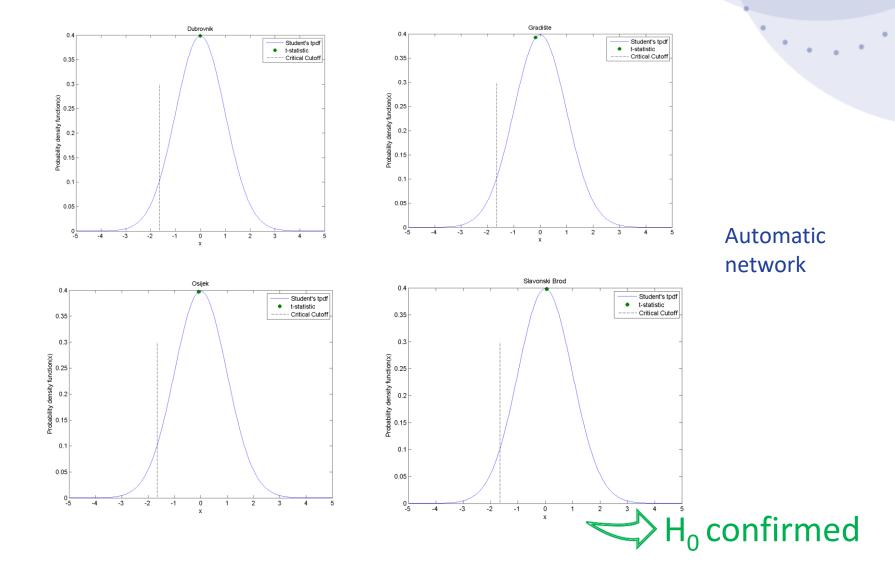
- $\alpha = 0.05$
- H₀ = no statistically significant difference in monthly mean temperatures between two observation times

Comparison of data measured at climatological and synoptic observation times



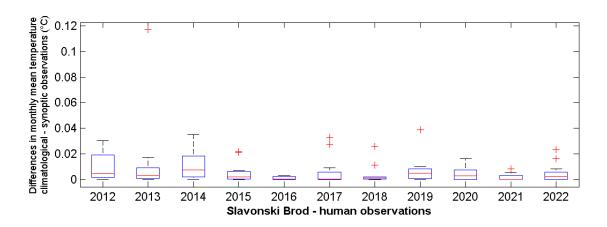


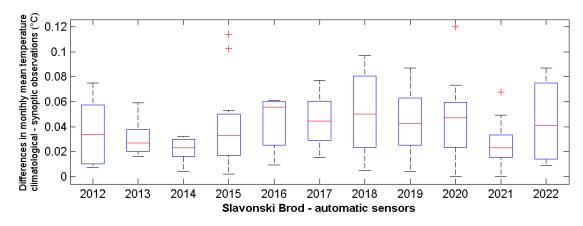
Comparison of data measured at climatological and synoptic observation times





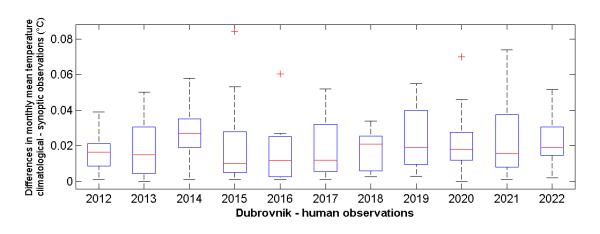
A display of distributions of differences in monthly mean temperature between climatological and synoptic observations

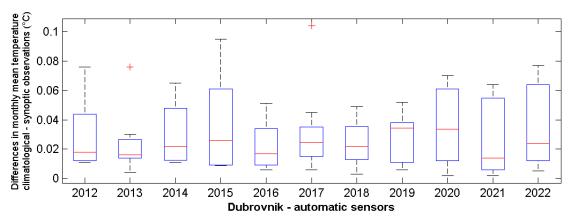






A display of distributions of differences in monthly mean temperature between climatological and synoptic observations







Values of differences are quite small for all stations, both for manual and automatic network.

Meteorological station Osijek

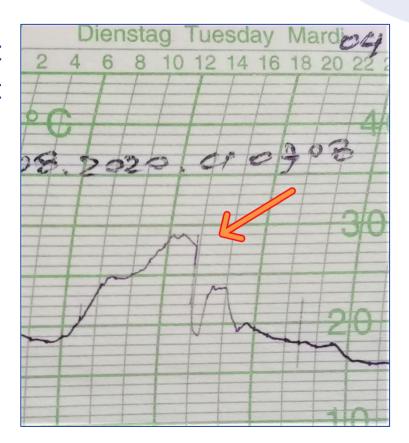
4.8.2020. 1400 CET

Automatic network: 1350 CET - 28,2°C

1400 CET - 21,1°C

Manual network: 1345 CET – 27,0°C

1400 CET - 27,0°C



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Summary

- In Croatia, at the main meteorological stations farther than 2,5° from the 15th meridian, weather observations are taken both at climatological and synoptic hour
- Results show no significant change in temperature values nor the difference in monthly mean temperature measured at the synoptic hour and at the climatological observation time only 15 minutes earlier
 - no need for double conventional observations at the main meteorological stations
- DHMZ is currently in the process of modernization and automation of meteorological stations in the whole country and that is another reason why such practice is not needed anymore